## Owner's Manual \& Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.

## CHIGAGOE ELGGRIG POWER TOOLS

## 12"DOUBLE-BEVEL SLIDING COMPOUND MITER SAW WITH LASER GUIDE



| Safety .. | Maintenance ....... |
| :---: | :---: |
| Specifications . | Parts List and Diagram. |
| Setup .. | Warranty . |
| Operation........ |  |

## WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

| WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. |
| ! DANGER | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. |
| \MARNING | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. |
| ACAUTION | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. |
| NOTICE CAUTION | Addresses practices not related to personal injury. |

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

## General Tool Safety Warnings



Read all safety warnings and instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.
Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

1. KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE and in working order.
2. REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES. Form habit of checking to see that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from tool before turning it on.
3. KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN.

Cluttered areas and benches invite accidents.
4. DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT. Don't use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well lighted.
5. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. All visitors should be kept safe distance from work area.
6. MAKE WORKSHOP KID PROOF with padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys.
7. DON'T FORCE TOOL. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
8. USE RIGHT TOOL. Don't force tool or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.

| Table A: RECOMMENDED MINIMUM WIRE GAUGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FOR EXTENSION CORDS |
| (120 VOLT) |

9. USE PROPER EXTENSION CORD. Make sure your extension cord is in good condition. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your product will draw. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating. Table A shows the correct size to use depending on cord length and nameplate ampere rating. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.
10. WEAR PROPER APPAREL. Do not wear loose clothing, gloves, neckties, rings, bracelets, or other jewelry which may get caught in moving parts. Nonslip footwear is recommended. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
11. ALWAYS USE SAFETY GLASSES. Also use face or dust mask if cutting operation is dusty. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses, they are NOT safety glasses.
12. SECURE WORK. Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It's safer than using your hand and it frees both hands to operate tool.
13. DON'T OVERREACH. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
14. MAINTAIN TOOLS WITH CARE. Keep tools sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.
15. DISCONNECT TOOLS before servicing; when changing accessories, such as blades, bits, cutters, and the like.
16. REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING. Make sure switch is in off position before plugging in.
17. USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES Consult the owner's manual for recommended accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause risk of injury to persons.
18. NEVER STAND ON TOOL. Serious injury could occur if the tool is tipped or if the cutting tool is unintentionally contacted.
19. CHECK DAMAGED PARTS. Before further use of the tool, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to determine that it will operate properly and perform its intended function - check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting, and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged should be properly repaired or replaced.
20. DIRECTION OF FEED. Feed work into a blade or cutter against the direction of rotation of the blade or cutter only.
21. NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN POWER OFF. Don't leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.

## 110-120 V~ Double Insulated Tools: Tools with Two Prong Plugs



Outlets for 2-Prong Plug

1. To reduce the risk of electric shock, double insulated equipment has a polarized plug (one blade is wider than the other). This plug will fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not change the plug in any way.
2. Double insulated tools may be used in either of the 120 volt outlets shown in the preceding illustration. (See Outlets for 2-Prong Plug.)

## Miter Saw Safety Warnings

## For Your Own Safety Read Instruction Manual Before Operating Miter Saw

1. Wear eye protection
2. Keep hands out of path of saw blade.
3. Do not operate saw without guards in place.
4. Do not perform any operation freehand.
5. Never reach around saw blade.
6. Turn off tool and wait for saw blade to stop before moving workpiece or changing settings.
7. Disconnect power before changing blade or servicing.
8. To reduce risk of injury, return carriage to the full rear position after each crosscut operation.
9. Return all guards to original position if any are moved during blade replacement. Check all guards for proper operation after service.
10. The lock down pin is to be used only to lock the head in place for carrying and storage. It is not to be used for any cutting operation.
11. DANGER! Coasting Cutting Tool Can Be Dangerous - Apply brake immediately to stop cutting tool when the switch is turned off.
12. The torque developed during braking may loosen the blade-retaining nut/bolt. The blade retaining nut/bolt should be checked periodically and tightened if necessary, especially after braking.
13. Always use blades with correct size and shape (diamond versus round) of arbor holes. Blades that do not match the mounting hardware of the saw will run eccentrically, causing loss of control.
14. Never use damaged or incorrect blade washers or bolt. The blade washers and bolt were specially designed for your saw, for optimum performance and safety of operation.
15. Do not use to cut logs, tree limbs, or uneven lumber.
16. Wet lumber, green (unseasoned) lumber, and pressure treated lumber all have an increased potential for kickback and should only be cut with a blade for cutting that lumber type. Wear a NIOSHapproved respirator and have appropriate ventilation whenever cutting pressure treated lumber.
17. Do not use blades made from high-speed steel, abrasive blades, metal-cutting blades or masonrycutting blades. The guards of this saw are not designed to protect against the failure of such blades.
18. Blades must be rated to at least the maximum speed marked on the tool.
19. DO NOT OPERATE WITH ANY GUARD DISABLED, DAMAGED, OR REMOVED. Moving guards must move freely and close instantly.
20. The use of accessories or attachments not recommended by the manufacturer may result in a risk of injury to persons.
21. When servicing use only identical replacement parts.
22. Do not depress the spindle lock when starting or during operation.
23. Only use safety equipment that has been approved by an appropriate standards agency. Unapproved safety equipment may not provide adequate protection. Eye protection must be ANSI-approved and breathing protection must be NIOSH-approved for the specific hazards in the work area.
24. Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
25. Industrial applications must follow OSHA guidelines.
26. Maintain labels and nameplates on the tool. These carry important safety information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
27. Avoid unintentional starting. Prepare to begin work before turning on the tool.
28. People with pacemakers should consult their physician(s) before use. Electromagnetic fields in close proximity to heart pacemaker could cause pacemaker interference or pacemaker failure.
29. WARNING: Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities, contains chemicals known [to the State of California] to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints
- Crystalline silica from bricks and cement or other masonry products
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles. (California Health \& Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)

30. WARNING: Handling the cord on this product will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (California Health \& Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.)
31. The warnings, precautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

## Vibration Safety

This tool vibrates during use. Repeated or long-term exposure to vibration may cause temporary or permanent physical injury, particularly to the hands, arms and shoulders. To reduce the risk of vibration-related injury:

1. Anyone using vibrating tools regularly or for an extended period should first be examined by a doctor and then have regular medical check-ups to ensure medical problems are not being caused or worsened from use. Pregnant women or people who have impaired blood circulation to the hand, past hand injuries, nervous system disorders, diabetes, or Raynaud's Disease should not use this tool. If you feel any medical or physical symptoms related to vibration (such as tingling, numbness, and white or blue fingers), seek medical advice as soon as possible.
2. Do not smoke during use. Nicotine reduces the blood supply to the hands and fingers, increasing the risk of vibration-related injury.
3. Use tools with the lowest vibration when there is a choice between different processes.
4. Include vibration-free periods each day of work.
5. Grip tool as lightly as possible (while still keeping safe control of it). Let the tool do the work.
6. To reduce vibration, maintain the tool as explained in this manual. If any abnormal vibration occurs, stop use immediately.

Specifications

| Electrical Rating | $120 \mathrm{~V} \sim / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} / 15 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Motor No Load Speed | $3,800 \mathrm{RPM}$ |
| Max. Accessory Diameter | $12^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Arbor | $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ Round with 1" Adapter |
| Cutting <br> Capacities | $90^{\circ}$ Straight |
|  | $45^{\circ}$ Miter |
|  | $45^{\circ}$ Straight Bevel |
|  | $45^{\circ}$ Compound (L/R) |



216045
ACaution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

ACaution: The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard.


## CHICAGO©ELECTRIC

## Setup - Before Use:

Read the ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

AWARNING
TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:
Turn the Power Switch of the tool off and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any procedure in this section.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, refer to the Assembly Diagram near the end of this manual.

## Assembly

1. Insert the ends of the Table Extensions into the holes in the sides of the Base. Tighten the Wing Screws to hold the Extensions in place. The upper edge of the Extensions will be level with the surface of the saw. This provides a wider base for the work material to rest on.
2. Thread the Miter Knob into the end of the table above the Miter Lock until securely in place.
3. Slip the Dust Collection Bag over the Dust Outlet behind the saw.

## Mounting

Use the four bolt holes provided in the Base to mount the Miter Saw to a stable support before use. Mounting hardware not included.



## Description of Selected Functions

Head Lock-down:


Align pin with
deep groove
to lock cutting head.


Align pin with shallow groove to unlock cutting head.

## Guard operation:

When the Handle is lowered, the Lower Guard raises automatically. When the Handle is raised the Lower Guard returns to its safety position. Keep hands clear of the Blade when the Handle is lowered. Do not interfere with the proper movement of the Lower Guard.

Slide Lock Knob:
Tighten this to prevent the cutting head from sliding back and forth for chopping cuts. Loosen this to allow the cutting head to slide.

Note: Additional functions are explained elsewhere in the manual.

## CHICAGO@ELECTRIC POWER TOOLS

Read the ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

## TOOL SET UP

## AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:
Turn the Power Switch of the tool off and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any procedure in this section.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY: DO NOT OPERATE WITH ANY GUARD DISABLED, DAMAGED, OR REMOVED. Moving guards must move freely and close instantly.

## Replacing the Blade

1. Unplug the tool from its power source
2. Raise the Lower Guard (133) out of the way and hold it up.
3. Loosen the Guard Pivot Bolt (193) until it disengages the Guard Pivot Plate (132).
4. Swing the Guard Pivot Plate up and out of the way.
5. Press in the Spindle Lock (150) on the back of the saw's head and hold it in.


Figure A
6. Remove the Spindle Bolt* (77) and Outer Flange (78), see Figure B. *IMPORTANT: The Spindle Bolt has a left-handed thread and removes by turning CLOCKWISE.

Note: Make sure the Inner Flange (81) stays in place on the Spindle.


Figure B
7. Remove the Blade (80) and Arbor Insert (79). Place the Arbor Insert into a new Blade and install the new Blade. Make sure that the Blade's rotation arrow points in the same direction as the rotation arrow on the Upper Guard (98).
8. Replace the Outer Flange and Spindle Bolt. Position the cupped side of the Flange against the blade. Hold in the Spindle Lock (150) and wrench tighten the Spindle Bolt by turning it COUNTERCLOCKWISE. Release the Spindle Lock.
9. Rotate the Guard Pivot Plate (132) back into place, and secure it with the Guard Pivot Bolt (193).
10. WARNING! Make sure the Lower Guard (133) operates smoothly and properly protects from the Blade before using the saw.

## Using the Workpiece Extension Supports

1. The Table Extensions are inserted into each side of the Table, and locked in place using the Wing Screws.
2. When properly installed, the upper face of the Table Extensions are level with the Table, and provide a wider support surface for the workpiece.
3. Support the workpiece to be level with the table, and so that after the cut is made the cut off pieces will not fall. Use sawhorses or other supports (not included) to support longer workpieces.
4. If the workpiece is not level, you will make an unintentional bevel cut in the material. If the workpiece is not supported, it will bind the blade and may cause the material to kick back, potentially causing injury.

## Adjusting the Miter Angle

A miter cut is one that is at an angle across the horizontal surface of the material. $45^{\circ}$ miter cuts to join two pieces in a right angle corner are common. A $30^{\circ}$ cut is often used for a scarf joint or to make a chamfered end.

1. Loosen the Miter Knob by turning it approximately $1 / 4$ turn counterclockwise.
2. Press down the Miter Lock to unlock the Table. While holding the Miter Lock down, move the Table to the desired angle.
3. The Miter Angle Indicator will indicate the selected angle. While the Miter Lock is released, the table will lock into place at often used miter angles, including $22.5^{\circ}, 30^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}$, and $90^{\circ}$ on both left and right sides.
4. Tighten the Miter Knob after adjusting the miter angle.
5. With the Table adjusted to the desired angle, place the workpiece flush against the Fence, secure it with the Clamp and make the cut.

## Adjusting the Bevel Angle

A bevel cut is one that is at an angle vertically. Bevel cuts can be used to miter relatively wide and thin material. Bevel cuts can be used in combination with a miter cut to form a compound angle. Compound angle cuts are often used in crown moldings, picture frames and similar trim materials.

1. Loosen the Bevel Lock Knob at the rear of the saw.
2. Move the blade assembly to the desired angle. Read the angle on the Bevel Indicator.
3. Lock the blade assembly into position by rotating the Bevel Lock Knob clockwise. Tighten firmly but do not over-tighten.
4. Make a sample cut in a piece of scrap to confirm that the bevel angle is correct. If it is not, correct the angle before cutting.


Figure C

## Using the Depth Stop

If a kerfing or rabbet cut which does not cut through the workpiece is desired, use the Depth Stop Bolt to control the depth of the cut.

## WARNING! Only adjust the front Bolt. The rear Bolt is used to prevent the Blade from cutting the table during normal cutting. Do not adjust the rear Depth Bolt.

1. Unlock the Head Lock-down, see page 9.
2. Raise the saw head assembly.
3. Push the Depth Stop to the left to use the Depth Stop Bolt setting.
4. Pull down on the saw head to check the current setting.
5. To change the setting, first loosen the knurled Depth Stop Nut on the Depth Stop Bolt. Turn the Depth Stop Bolt clockwise to decrease
 depth and counterclockwise to increase depth. Tighten the Depth Stop Nut after adjustment.
6. If needed, push the Depth Stop to the right to temporarily disable it.

## Workpiece and Work Area Set Up

1. Designate a work area that is clean and well-lit. The work area must not allow access by children or pets to prevent injury and distraction.
2. Route the power cord along a safe route to reach the work area without creating a tripping hazard or exposing the power cord to possible damage. The power cord must reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.
3. Allow room on both left and right of saw for extended workpieces.
4. Use a saw table, saw stand or other means to support the workpiece. Mount the Miter Saw so that the surface is level to the ground, and additional supports provide a surface on the same level as the saw table. If the work surface and any workpiece supports are not level, and on the same level, unwanted bevel angles will appear in the cuts resulting in poor joinery.
5. Secure workpieces to the saw table using the Clamp or other clamping devices (not included). Securing the workpiece will provide safety by preventing kick back and by removing the need to hold workpieces near the blade by hand. Clamping the workpiece will also improve cutting accuracy by preventing the workpiece from moving during the cutting operation.

## General Operating Instructions

## DANGER!

MITER SAWS CAN QUICKLY AMPUTATE FINGERS IF MISUSED. Keep hands well clear of cutting area.

1. Unlock the Head Lock-down, see page 9.
2. Make sure all adjustment knobs are tight (Miter Knob, Bevel Lock Knob, Fence and Table Extension Knobs).
3. Blow any sawdust or debris away from the Fence. Place the work material against the Fence.
4. Align the marked location of the cut on the work material with the saw blade.

Note: To prevent your workpiece from being cut too short, align the edge of the blade with your measured mark, keeping the rest of the blade on the waste side of the cut.
5. Hold the work material in place using the Clamp. Ensure that the work material is level and supported securely, use saw horses or supports if necessary.
6. Grip the Saw Handle, press one of the Trigger Locks with your thumb, and squeeze the Trigger to start the Saw and the laser guide.

Note: If the laser guide line does not line up with the cut line, release trigger and reposition workpiece before making the cut.
7.
8. Press down lightly to cut the material. With narrow material, press straight down "chopping" the material. With wide material, move the Blade across the material while cutting. Do not bear down on the material, use light downward pressure. If the material binds the blade, release the trigger.
9. When the cut is completed, raise the blade assembly, release the trigger, wait for the Blade to stop turning, release the Clamp and remove the work material from the saw.
10. To prevent accidents, turn off the tool and disconnect its power supply after use. Clean, then store the tool indoors out of children's reach.

## CHICAGOGELECTRIC POWER TOOLS

Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

## AWARNING

## TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Turn the Power Switch of the tool off and unplug the tool from its electrical outlet before performing any procedure in this section.

## TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise or vibration occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

## Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication

1. BEFORE EACH USE, inspect the general condition of the tool. Check for:

- loose hardware,
- misalignment or binding of moving parts,
- cracked or broken parts,
- damaged electrical wiring, and
- any other condition that may affect its safe operation.

2. AFTER USE, wipe external surfaces of the tool with clean cloth.
3. AWARNING! If the supply cord of this power tool is damaged, it must be replaced only by a qualified service technician.

## Checking and Calibrating the Fence

The Fence holds the workpiece in a fixed position while the Table and or the blade assembly are adjusted in a miter or bevel angle.
To make accurate cuts, the Fence must be perpendicular (at a $90^{\circ}$ angle) to the Saw Blade.

1. Before beginning work, make a test cut on scrap material with the Table set at $90^{\circ}$.
2. Check the cut with an accurate square. You can also reverse the two pieces, hold the cut ends together, and hold a good straight edge along the side of the pieces.
3. If either test reveals that the cut is not a true $90^{\circ}$ angle, adjust the Fence before beginning work.

## If Fence needs adjustment:

1. First unplug the tool.
2. Lower the blade assembly and lock it in place using the Locking Pin.
3. Lay a carpenter's square on the table with one edge along the blade and the other along the Fence. Any inaccuracy should be visible. NOTE: The square must contact the surface of the blade, not the teeth, for an accurate reading.
4. The Fence is held in place with bolts at each end. Loosen the bolts slightly, and gently tap the Fence into position using a soft mallet. Retighten the bolts and make another test cut. Repeat the process until the Fence is adjusted accurately.
5. Once the Fence is accurately adjusted, tighten the bolts firmly in place. Recheck one last time, then proceed to work.

## Calibrating the Miter Table Indicator

After checking or adjusting the fence to confirm that it is at $90^{\circ}$ to the Blade, check the accuracy of the Miter Table Angle Indicator.

1. Loosen the screw holding the Angle Indicator in place.
2. Rotate it until the pointer is exactly on $90^{\circ}$.
3. Retighten the screw.

## Calibrating the Bevel Angle

For making accurate cuts, the Saw Blade must be adjusted to be exactly vertical to the Table.

1. To check the angle, have the blade assembly in its normal upright position. Make a cut on a piece of flat sided, fairly thick scrap material.
2. Check the cut with an accurate square. The cut should be at exactly $90^{\circ}$.
3. Angle can also be checked by rotating one cut-off piece $180^{\circ}$ and holding the cut ends together. If the cut is not exactly vertical, the two pieces will form a slight angle.

## Adjusting or Replacing the Kerf Board

If the Kerf Board becomes damaged it must be replaced.

1. Remove the four screws holding the Kerf Board in place.
2. Install a new Kerf Board. Replace the four screws and tighten them slightly.

## To adjust the Kerf Board:

1. Lower the Saw Blade and lock it down with the Locking Pin.
2. Adjust the Kerf Board so the right side of the Blade slightly clears the edge of the Kerf Board.
3. Loosen the Bevel Lock and set the Bevel Angle at $45^{\circ}$ left.
4. Ensure that the left side of the Blade clears the Kerf Board.
5. Tighten the four screws holding the Kerf Board in place.

## Troubleshooting



Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the tool． Disconnect power supply before service．

## PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

## Record Product's Serial Number Here:

$\qquad$
Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.
Note: Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only,
and are not available individually as replacement parts.

## Parts List and Diagram

## Parts List

| Part | Description | Qty |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Base | 1 |
| 2 | Foot | 4 |
| 3 | M8 $\times 55$ Bolt | 1 |
| 4 | M5 $\times 25$ Extension Lock Knob | 2 |
| 5 | M5 $\times 10$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 15 |
| 6 | Table Extension | 2 |
| 7 | Table Extension Plate | 2 |
| 8 | M6 $\times 20$ Wing Screw | 5 |
| 9 | M6 Nut | 4 |
| 10 | Ø6 Flat Washer | 10 |
| 11 | Fence | 1 |
| 12 | Square Washer | 2 |
| 13 | Lock Washer | 2 |
| 14 | Lock Screw | 2 |
| 15 | Fence Extension Lock | 2 |
| 16 | $\varnothing 5 \times 15.5$ Round Pin | 2 |
| 17 | $\varnothing 5 \times 9$ Round Pin | 4 |
| 18 | Right Fence Extension | 1 |
| 19 | Left Fence Extension | 2 |
| 20 | M8 $\times 20$ Cap Screw | 2 |
| 21 | $\varnothing 8$ Spring Washer | 2 |
| 22 | $\varnothing 8$ Flat Washer | 1 |
| 23 | Clamp Board | 1 |
| 24 | M5 Nut | 1 |
| 25 | Miter Lock | 1 |
| 26 | Miter Lock Spring | 1 |
| 27 | Miter Knob | 1 |
| 28 | Miter Knob Washer | 1 |
| 29 | M5 $\times 35$ Cap Screw | 1 |
| 30 | Kerf Board | 8 |
| 31 | M4 $\times 8$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 1 |
| 32 | Turntable | 2 |
| 33 | Miter Indicator | 2 |
| 34 | $\varnothing 8$ Fender Washer |  |
| 35 | M8 Nut | 1 |
| 36 | Bevel Scale | 27 |


| Part | Description | Qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | Bevel Hinge | 1 |
| 39 | Lock-down Pin | 1 |
| 40 | Lock-down Spring | 1 |
| 41 | Head Lock-down | 1 |
| 42 | $\varnothing 3 \times 16$ Spring Round Pin | 1 |
| 43 | M6×10 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 4 |
| 44 | Depth Stop | 1 |
| 45 | Ø8 Wave Washer | 2 |
| 46 | Pan Head Bolt | 1 |
| 47 | Bearing Cover | 2 |
| 48 | M4×10 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 1 |
| 49 | Bevel Angle Indicator | 1 |
| 50 | Turntable Support | 1 |
| 51 | Gear Column | 2 |
| 52 | Angle Block | 1 |
| 53 | M6×16 Non-Standard Screw | 1 |
| 54 | M6×14 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 3 |
| 55 | $\varnothing 6$ Spring Washer | 7 |
| 56 | M6×10 Cross Bolt | 1 |
| 57 | Connecting Bar Support | 1 |
| 58 | Hinge Pin | 1 |
| 59 | Spring Sleeve | 2 |
| 60 | Torsional Spring | 1 |
| 61 | M10 $\times 86$ Stud | 1 |
| 62 | M10 $\times 50$ Stud | 1 |
| 63 | M6×25 Cap Screw | 3 |
| 64 | M6 Nut | 3 |
| 65 | M8×25 Set Screw | 1 |
| 66 | M8 Thin Nut | 1 |
| 67 | Spring | 1 |
| 68 | M6×25 Slide Lock Knob | 1 |
| 69 | Ø10 Flat Washer | 2 |
| 70 | M10 Nut | 1 |
| 71 | Bevel Lock Knob | 1 |
| 72 | $\varnothing 45 \times \varnothing 30 \times 50$ Slide Bushing | 4 |
| 73 | Slide Rail | 2 |
| 74 | Ø4 Spring Washer | 3 |

Parts List (cont.)


| Part | Description | Qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75 | Ø4 Flat Washer | 1 |
| 76 | M10 Thin Nut | 1 |
| 77 | M8×18 Left-handed Spindle Bolt | 1 |
| 78 | Outer Flange | 1 |
| 79 | Arbor Insert | 1 |
| 80 | Inner Flange | 1 |
| 81 | Blade | 1 |
| 82 | M5×20 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 6 |
| 83 | Ø5 Spring Washer | 8 |
| 84 | Ø5 Flat Washer | 8 |
| 85 | Gearbox Cover | 1 |
| 86 | Gasket | 1 |
| 87 | 6003 Bearing | 1 |
| 88 | Bearing Retainer | 1 |
| 89 | Connecting Bar Screw | 1 |
| 90 | M4×12 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 2 |
| 91 | Spindle | 1 |
| 92 | Flat Key $4 \times 4 \times 8$ | 1 |
| 93 | Large Gear | 1 |
| 94 | Ø15 Retaining Ring | 1 |
| 95 | Roller Bearing HK1010 | 2 |
| 96 | Guard Label | 1 |
| 97 | M6×10 Set Screw | 2 |
| 98 | Upper Guard | 1 |
| 99 | Upper Guard Bushing | 1 |
| 100 | 6001 Bearing | 1 |
| 101 | Flat Key $4 \times 4 \times 20$ | 1 |
| 102 | Gear Shaft | 1 |
| 103 | Brush Holder | 2 |
| 104 | Carbon Brush | 2 |
| 105 | Brush Holder Cap | 2 |
| 106 | M5 35 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 4 |
| 107 | Motor Housing | 1 |
| 108 | Motor Housing Label | 1 |
| 109 | Stator | 1 |
| 110 | ST4.8×65 Cross Screw | 2 |
| 111 | Seal | 1 |
| 112 | 6000 Bearing | 1 |
| 113 | Rotor | 1 |
| 114 | 6002 Bearing | 1 |
| 115 | Middle Cover | 1 |
| 116 | M8×25 Set Screw | 1 |
| 117 | Small Pulley | 1 |
| 118 | Lower Guard Roller | 2 |
| 119 | Ø5 Retaining Ring | 2 |
| 120 | Lower Guard Washer | 1 |
| 121 | M6×20 Cap Screw | 4 |
| 122 | Dust Bag | 1 |
| 123 | Dust Port | 1 |
| 124 | Connecting Bar | 1 |
| 125 | Power Cord | 1 |
| 126 | M5 $\times 40$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 2 |
| 127 | Lower Guard Panel | 1 |
| 128 | Lower Guard Coil Spring | 1 |
| 129 | Lower Guard Washer | 1 |
| 130 | Rubber Stopper | 1 |
| 131 | M6×7 Flat Head Bolt | 1 |
| 132 | Guard Pivot Plate | 1 |
| 133 | Lower Guard | 1 |
| 134 | Turntable Plate | 2 |


| Part | Description | Qty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 135 | M6×14 Bolt | 1 |
| 136 | M6×35 Bolt | 1 |
| 137 | Depth Adjustment Nut | 1 |
| 138 | Cable Clamp | 2 |
| 139 | Ø6 Flat Washer | 1 |
| 140 | Belt (10PJ560) | 1 |
| 141 | Belt Guard | 1 |
| 142 | M6×16 Cap Screw | 3 |
| 143 | Cover Board | 1 |
| 144 | M6×16 Cap Screw (Left) | 1 |
| 145 | Ø6 Spring Washer (Left) | 1 |
| 146 | Ø6 Thick Flat Washer | 1 |
| 147 | Large Pulley | 1 |
| 148 | Ø28 Retaining Ring | 1 |
| 149 | Spindle Lock Bracket | 1 |
| 150 | Spindle Lock | 1 |
| 151 | Spindle Lock Taper Spring | 1 |
| 152 | ST6×18 Screw | 2 |
| 153 | Handle | 1 |
| 154 | M5 $\times 50$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 2 |
| 155 | Upper Handle | 1 |
| 156 | Pin | 2 |
| 157 | Trigger Lock Connector | 1 |
| 158 | Right Trigger Lock | 1 |
| 159 | Left Trigger Lock | 1 |
| 160 | Switch Spring | 1 |
| 161 | Trigger | 1 |
| 162 | Switch | 1 |
| 163 | ST3.9×14 Screw | 7 |
| 164 | ST3.9×10 Screw | 2 |
| 165 | Lower Handle | 1 |
| 166 | Ø5 Teeth Washer | 1 |
| 167 | Terminal | 1 |
| 168 | Cable Clamp | 1 |
| 169 | Grommet | 1 |
| 170 | Slide Rail Cover | 1 |
| 171 | $5 \times 40$ Roll Pin | 2 |
| 172 | M6 Wing Bolt | 1 |
| 173 | ST4.8×20 Cross Head Screw | 1 |
| 174 | Cable Clamp | 2 |
| 175 | M5 $\times 18$ Cross Head Bolt | 1 |
| 176 | M5 $\times 12$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 1 |
| 177 | Ø5 Spring Washer | 1 |
| 178 | Ø6 Flat Washer | 1 |
| 179 | Clamp Press Plate | 1 |
| 180 | Clamp | 1 |
| 181 | Small Connecting Bar | 1 |
| 182 | M6×20 Wing Screw | 1 |
| 183 | Clamp Locating Bar | 1 |
| 184 | M $4 \times 8$ Cross Pan Head Bolt | 2 |
| 185 | M $4 \times 4$ Set Screw | 1 |
| 186 | Laser Seat | 1 |
| 187 | Laser Head | 1 |
| 188 | Wire Clamp | 2 |
| 189 | M4×6 Cross Pan Head Bolt | 2 |
| 190 | Transformer | 1 |
| 191 | ST3.2×6 Cross Screw | 2 |
| 192 | Connector | 1 |
| 193 | M6×10 Guard Pivot Bolt | 1 |



## Limited 90 Day Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.
This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

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